英语专业八级改错练习题及答案解析(二十一) PDF转换可能 丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/469/2021\_2022\_\_E8\_8B\_B1\_ E8\_AF\_AD\_E4\_B8\_93\_E4\_c67\_469162.htm More people die of tuberculosis than of any other disease caused by a single agent. This has probably been the case in quite a while. During the \_\_\_1\_\_early stages of the industrial revolution, perhaps one in every seventh \_\_2\_\_deaths in Europe's crowded cities were caused by the disease. From \_\_\_3\_\_now on, though, western eyes, missing the global picture, saw the trouble \_\_\_4\_\_going into decline. With occasional breaks for war, the rates of death and infection in the Europe and America Odropped steadily through the 19th and \_5\_\_20th centuries. In the 1950s, the introduction of antibiotics strengthened thetrend in rich countries, and the antibiotics were allowed to be imported to \_\_\_6\_\_poor countries. Medical researchers declared victory and withdrew. They are wrong. In the mid1980s the frequency of infections and deaths \_\_\_7\_\_started to pick up again around the world. Where tuberculosis vanished, it came \_\_\_8\_\_back. in many places where it had never been away, it grew better. The World \_\_\_9\_\_Health Organization estimates that 1.7 billion people (a third of the earth 's population) suffer from tuberculosis. Even when the infection rate was falling, population growth kept the number of clinical cases more or less constantly at 8 \_\_\_10\_\_million a year. Around 3 million of those people died, nearly all of them in poorcountries. 参考答案:tuberculosis n.肺结核antibiotics n.抗生 素, 抗生学1将in改为forfor quite a while 作 "相当长时间"讲.2

将seventh改为seven3 将were改为was这个谓语动词的主语是单数短语 one in every seven deaths, 因此要使用单数.4将now 改为then5将Europe前的the 去掉6 将imported改为exported根据上下文,应该是向穷国出口抗生素,而不是从这些国家进口抗生素.7 将are 改为were8 在vanished 前加had这里要表达的是"结核病原来消失的地方,又爆发了结核病",所以要使用过去完成时.9 将better改为worse在结合病没有消失的地方,这种病更加严重了,因此要用worse.10 将constantly改为constant在"keep sb/sth adj"结构中的形容词作补语.100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com