

2007英语六级考试综合改错题训练(十三) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/467/2021_2022_2007_E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_c67_467714.htm 九、句子结构的错误

在英语中按句型来说可以分为陈述句、疑问句、祈使句和感叹句四种，从结构上来说又可以分为简单句、并列句和复合句三种。

句子的结构错误是构成句子完整结构的某一成分用错或者缺少，或者使用了多于成分而造成句意不清的错误类型。由于英语语法和汉语语法特点在结构上表现得十分明显，主、谓、宾结构在数、格、人称上的一致、连接手段的正确使用以及词序安排等，都与汉语有着相当大的差异，因此在改错中也是一大难点。句子结构错误类型包括：句子类型使用错误、句子成分短缺、平行结构错误以及词组搭配使用错误。例

1 Computer analyzed marketing reports can help deciding which products to emphasize now, which to develop for the future, and which to be dropped. 1._____ 本句中三个平行成分 which products to emphasize now, which to develop for the future, and which to be dropped 结构模式应该一致，均采用不定式主动语态，因而 to be dropped 应改为 to drop。

例 2 When we consider the comfortable circumstances of a working family today, the life of the workingman in 1882 seems miserable indeed. But earlier it had been ever hard. 1._____ 根据上文中“earlier”可知，原句显然是将 1882 年以前的生活与 1882 年时的生活作比较，所以此处 hard 应该改为 harder。

例 3 At the beginning of the nineteenth century working hours were from sunrise to sunset, pay was awful, and working conditions being poor

and dangerous. 1. _____ 在该句中，working hours were from sunrise to sunset, pay was awful, and working conditions being poor and dangerous 三个小分句为并列结构关系，因此必须保持成分和结构上的一致性，故应该将 being 改为 were。例 4 However, a second person thought that this was more a question of civilized behavior as good 1. _____ manners. “more...than...” 是固定搭配用法，在此句中表示“与其...不如...”的意思，而不是“比...多”的意思；没有“more...as...”的搭配用法，故应该将 as 改为 than。练习题 1 On the contrary, the intimate atmosphere of the small college allows the student four years of structural living in which to expect and preparing for the real world. 1. _____ 2 In making his choice among educational institutions the student must, therefore, consider a great many factors. Going to school is part of the socialization process, and so going to the movies. 2. _____ 3 The next morning the sun rose like a red ball on the eastern horizon. But somehow after breakfast it hid itself behind patches of clouds but it seemed a rain was 3. _____ apparent. 4 But luckily, no sooner had we entered the car when it 4. _____ suddenly began to rain. 5 That is worthy of note about these two groups is that 5. _____ among the 40 people there are only two women. 6 Women members are so less than members that we 6. _____ again think of the outdated prejudice that women are inferior in intelligence. 7 The best way to avoid using dictionaries when you are reading English books is to try to remember many 7. _____ words as you can. 8 It is just on that day when I bumped into Miss Helen 8. _____ on my way

to work. 9 It is in the cinema not on the street where he lost his
9. _____ wallet which contained \$ 1,000 in it. 10 In the future
passengers ships will be built to travel undersea, and special
underwater ships will be designed for mining, fishing, and to
exploring unknown areas. 10. _____

答案解析： 1.preparing
prepare。属于平行结构中的动词错误。在并列连词and前后
显然要有形式一致的动词，但前面没有与preparing呼应的现
在分词（注：同行中的living是in which中which的先行词，故
一定是名词，而不是现在分词这是词形表面上的干扰），故
只能改动preparing使之与前面的动词不定式expect一致，这里
也有考生将preparing改为prepares，用意是与句中谓语动
词allows一致，但要注意，句中不定式expect是及物动词，它
的宾语是“the real world”，必须与prepare for共享。 2.so后面
加is。该句是一个并列句，第一个分词结构是完整的，主语由
动名词“going to school”担当，第二个分词表语部分与前面
相同。为避免重复，而使用代词so，但是谓语不能省略，必
须加上is才是完整的结构。 3.but and。 4.when than。“no
sooner...than...”和“hardly...when...”是固顶结构，相互之
间不能交换使用。 5.that what。该句结构比较复杂，前面整
个句子作为主语，但是that不能作为主语从句的主语成分，因
此改成what。 6.less fewer。 7.many前加as。 8.when that。因
为该句是一个强调句，所强调成分的代词除了在所强调成分
为“人”时使用who或者that的情况外，一律使用that。
9.where that。 10.删除to。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试
题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com