

## 新六级改错部分答题技巧(三) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式 ， 建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/275/2021\\_2022\\_\\_E6\\_96\\_B0\\_E5\\_85\\_AD\\_E7\\_BA\\_A7\\_E6\\_c67\\_275049.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/275/2021_2022__E6_96_B0_E5_85_AD_E7_BA_A7_E6_c67_275049.htm) 3.逻辑错误.这种错误一般得根据上下文判断得出,分析这么多年六级改错的逻辑错误,答案无一例外都是将文中某个用错的词(很多情况下是一个形容词)改成它的反义词或添上一个否定词,这里要求同学们掌握一些常用的否定词缀,如in-,un-等等,因为有的形容词加上否定词缀就变成了它的反义词,举例如下:(1) the leaders of our country are unconsciously sending the message that reading may be connected to desirable activities that... (07年1月新六级改错第七题) desirable>undesirable (2) The task of learning facts and concepts, one at a time, makes learning laborious, boring and efficient. (07年1月老六级改错第八题) efficient> inefficient.本题中efficient和laborious与boring并列,根据并列成分意思一致原则,也可以推断出这里的efficient应该换成它的反义词。(3) But in the Information Age, no one can get by with knowing how to read well and understand increasingly complex material. (06年6月六级改错第十题) with>without.这里句子主语用了no one表示否定,而整个句子表示肯定的意思,所以后面必然要用一个否定词without与no one构成双重否定表示肯定。(4) Initial impressions are vital, and a badly presented CV could mean acceptance, regardless of whats in it. (06年1月六级改错第三题) acceptance>rejection (5) the person who is unfamiliar with the arts, music,literature, philosophy, or history. (04年6月六级改错第六题) unfamiliar>familiar (6) Except for relatively-isolated

trouble spots like present-day Somalia, and occasional years of good harvests, the world's food crisis has remained just around the corner.

( 04年1月六级改错第四题 ) good>poor/bad ( 7 ) Get someone to check for spelling and grammatical errors, because a spell-checker will pick up every mistake. ( 06年1月六级改错第6题 ) 根据上下文,这里应该表示“不能挑出每个错误”,所以在pick up之前要加上否定词not. 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)