07GCT联考复习跟我学(词汇语法)(九)PDF转换可能丢 失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/256/2021_2022_07GCT_E8_8 1_94_E8_80_c67_256695.htm 这讲的主要内容还是词汇,主要 是主要词类和相关要点,了解这些知识是有助同学记忆熟悉 英语单词的。这讲内容包括形容词和副词。 词汇部分的主要 词类及要点 在词汇考试中,考生应该重视主要词性及其要点 , 如名词、动词、形容词和副词。 形容词: 形容词测试点包 括:1)形容词的认知能力和辨别能力;2)词形及词义相近 的形容词的区分; 3)形容词和介词的搭配。例如: 1. All the off-shore explorers were in good mood when they read A___letters from their family. A. affectionate B. intimate C. passionate D. considerate 2. All the girls seem to be ____A__ of her beauty and intelligence. A. envious B. indifferent C. distinct D. enthusiastic 形容词应注意的要点: 1. 词形相近的形容词。如: mechanized, minimized, standardized, modernized 2. 同义词和反 义词。 如wonderful 的同义词有:marvelous, excellent, extraordinary, remarkable等。如generous的反义词有mean, stingy, selfish 等。 3. 形容词和动词的。如:indicate ---indicative. receive ---receptive. inquire --- inquisitive等。 4. 名词和 形容词的结合。如:defect ---defective, intention --- intentional 等。 5. 以 -ly 结尾的单词的词性。 名词加 -ly 多构成形容词。 如: friendly, heavenly, womanly, worldly 等。 6. 不规则形容词的 比较级和最高级的变化形式。如: 原级 比较级 最高级 bad worse worst good better best little less (lesser) least far farther(further) farthest (furthest) 7. 形容词与介词of 的搭配:

guilty, jealous, envious, ignorant, hopeful, aware, conscious, considerate, thoughtful, desirous, short, irrespective, exclusive, independent, tolerant, worthy, capable, sure, certain, confident, critical, characteristic, suspicious, wary等等。8.形容词与介词to 的搭配:accessible, available, accustomed, adjacent, advantageous, beneficial, alert, alien, agreeable, comparative, attentive, awake, relevant, subject, contrary 等等。9.形容词与介词with 的搭配:consistent, compatible, identical, popular, satisfied 等等。形容词练习:1. Tom is ____A ____ to tell jokes when he is with a group of people. A. attempted B. inclined C. illegible D. impressive 2. Are you _____B ___ of the problems you have caused? 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com