

不能用关系代词Which的几种情况 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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- 1.当先行词为all, little, much, few, everything, none 等不定代词时关系代词用that而不用which. I will tell him all that you told me at the ball. There are few books that you can read in this book store.
- 2.当先行词既有人又有物时,关系代词用that, 不用which. He asked about the factories and workers that he had visited.
- 3.当先行词有形容词最高级修饰时, 关系代词用that, 而不用which. This is the best novel that I have ever read. Guilin is one of the most beautiful cities that I have ever visited.
- 4.当先行词有序数词修饰时,关系代词用that, 不用which. The first sight that was caught at the Great Wall has made a lasting impression on him.
- 5.当先行词被the only, the very, the same, the right等修饰时,关系代词用that,不用which. That is the very thing that we can do. It is the only book that he bought himself.
- 6.当先行词被all, every, any, much, little, few, no等修饰时,关系代词用that, 不用which. You can take any room that you like. There is no clothes that fit you here.
- 7.当主句是以which开头的特殊问句时,定语从句关系代词一般用that而不用which. Which of the books that had pictures was worth reading?
- 8.在强调句型" It is ... that ..." 中,只用that,不用which. It is in this room that he was born twenty years ago.
- 9.在" such (the same) ... as ..." 句型中,关系代词要用as, 而不用which. We need such materials as (not which) can bear high temperature.
- 10.表示" 正如... 那样 "," 正象..." 之意时, 用as, 不用which. Mary was late again, as had been expected.
- 11.As 引导的

定语从句可以放在主句前面,也可以放在主句后面或主句中
间,而由 which引导的定语从句只能放在主句后面。 As we all
know, oceans cover more than 70% of the earth. 100Test 下载频道
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